

Chapter 02: Resident Rights, Ethics, and Laws

Kostelnick: Mosby's Textbook for Long-Term Care Nursing Assistants, 8th Edition

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Which requires nursing assistant training and competency evaluation?
 - a. Medicare and Medicaid
 - b. Health maintenance organizations
 - c. Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987
 - d. The Older Americans Act

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 19

2. Courteous and dignified resident care includes which of the following?
 - a. Showering the person with no more than 3 other persons
 - b. Choosing the doctor for the client
 - c. Making sure that the person is neat and clean
 - d. Inspecting the person's drawers and closets

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 22

3. Henry Parks is a nursing center resident. Which is the proper way to address him?
 - a. Mr. Parks
 - b. Henry
 - c. Grandpa
 - d. Sweetie

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 22

4. Before entering a person's room, you should:
 - a. get the person's attention.
 - b. knock on the door and wait to be asked in.
 - c. check to see if the person has visitors.
 - d. check to see if the person is in the bathroom.

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 22

5. You are going to give a resident a bath. Which will protect the person's privacy?
 - a. Opening window shades so that the person can see outside
 - b. Opening the door to the person's room so that you can hear if you are needed
 - c. Closing the privacy curtain
 - d. Asking the person to cover their chest with their hands

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 22

6. A long-term care ombudsman:
 - a. is an RN.
 - b. promotes the resident's needs and interests.
 - c. is employed by the nursing center.
 - d. makes care decisions for the resident.

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 23

7. An ombudsman does which of the following?

- a. Provides resident care.
- b. Protects visitor's health and safety.
- c. Protects nursing staff rights.
- d. Investigates resident complaints.

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 23

8. The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 is a:

- a. state law.
- b. nurse practice act.
- c. federal law.
- d. criminal law.

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 23

9. Protecting the right to privacy involves which of the following?

- a. Keeping information about the person written on the board on the wall
- b. Allowing visitors to remain in the room when care is given
- c. Exposing only the body part involved in the treatment procedure
- d. Asking the roommate to look the other way when providing care

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 26

10. An example of a resident's right is the right to:

- a. a job.
- b. information.
- c. select their roommate.
- d. elope.

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 21

11. The willful infliction or harm of another person is:

- a. assault.
- b. defamation.
- c. battery.
- d. abuse.

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 21

12. Touching a person without that person's consent is:

- a. assault.
- b. battery.
- c. invasion of privacy.
- d. libel.

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 19

13. Threatening to touch a person's body without that person's consent is:

- a. assault.
- b. battery.
- c. invasion of privacy.

d. defamation.

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 19

14. Knowledge of right conduct and wrong conduct is:
- a. ethics.
 - b. torts.
 - c. civil law.
 - d. public law.

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 19

15. You give wrong information on a job application. This is:
- a. libel.
 - b. slander.
 - c. defamation.
 - d. fraud.

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 21

16. Negligence by a professional person is:
- a. malpractice.
 - b. libel.
 - c. defamation.
 - d. slander.

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 27

17. While performing a task, a nursing assistant harmed a person. Which is correct?
- a. The nursing assistant will be terminated.
 - b. The nursing assistant is not responsible for the harm. The supervising nurse is responsible.
 - c. The nursing assistant will be held to the standard of care of other nurses.
 - d. Harm can occur from what a person does or fails to do.

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 27

18. Which is considered to be a source for standards of care?
- a. Newspaper
 - b. Blog or chat room
 - c. The nurse's directions
 - d. Job descriptions

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 18

19. A resident asks you to make out a will. What should you do?
- a. Do what the person asks.
 - b. Refuse, but explain why. Then tell the nurse about the person's request.
 - c. Call a lawyer for the person.
 - d. Find out if you will be named in the will.

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 26

20. A nursing assistant pinches and pushes a resident. This is:
- a. negligence.
 - b. malpractice.
 - c. neglect.
 - d. physical abuse.

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 18

21. A resident's signal light goes unanswered. The person's son finds him lying on sheets soaked with urine. This is:
- a. neglect.
 - b. emotional abuse.
 - c. physical abuse.
 - d. malpractice.

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 25

22. A resident did not get to the bathroom in time. She urinated and had a bowel movement in her clothing. To prevent an accident in the dining room, the nurse makes the resident stay in her room. This is:
- a. malpractice.
 - b. involuntary seclusion.
 - c. neglect.
 - d. physical abuse.

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 26

23. You see a nursing assistant hitting a resident. What should you do?
- a. Talk to the resident.
 - b. Call the police.
 - c. Tell the nurse.
 - d. Mind your own business.

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 27

24. You are walking by a resident room. You hear a nurse criticizing a resident. This is:
- a. battery.
 - b. a tort.
 - c. verbal abuse.
 - d. neglect.

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 27

25. You suspect that a resident is being abused. What should you do?
- a. Tell the nurse.
 - b. Call the police.
 - c. Talk to the family.
 - d. Mind your own business.

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 28

26. In domestic abuse, the abuser is a:
- a. caregiver.

- b. family member.
- c. neighbor.
- d. partner.

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 28

27. Which statement about domestic abuse is correct?
- a. It only happens in the home by the partner.
 - b. Usually just one type of abuse is present.
 - c. The abuser has power and control over the victim.
 - d. It does not typically become a safety issue.

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 28

TRUE/FALSE

1. You are responsible for protecting the resident's rights.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 29

2. The resident can visit with family and friends in private.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 29

3. A resident wants a bath in the evening, not in the morning. The person has the right to make this choice.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 29

4. You are straightening a resident's room. You find scraps of paper and envelopes on the person's dresser. You can throw these items in the trash.

ANS: F PTS: 1 REF: 29

5. The resident has the right to decide who can touch his or her body.

ANS: T PTS: 1 REF: 29